

SAFE DISPOSAL OF EXCRETA USING AN ECOLOGICAL SANITATION TOILET

HOW TO USE THE FLIPCHART

- The flipchart is designed to stimulate interaction with community members. Encourage the audience to ask guestions and make comments.
- The questions in the text will help you to guide the discussion. Possible answers to these questions are included so that you can supplement the comments from the audience.
- 3. The flipchart is more effective when used with a small audience (15-25 persons). If you have more than 25 persons in a community, have two or more sessions.
- 4. Select a comfortable place and make sure everybody can see the illustrations very well.
- 5. Hold the flipchart straight. Talk loudly.
- 6. Demonstrate as much as possible
- 7. Have the audience summarise the major stages of the day's discussions.

ILLUSTRATION 1

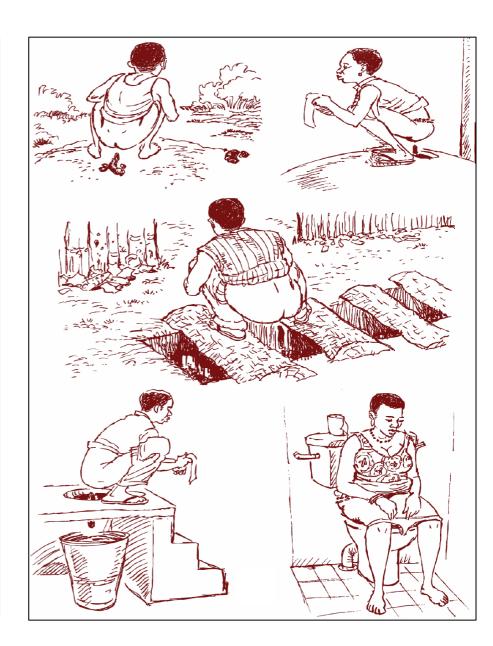
Let us learn about how our household/community can safely dispose of excreta using an Ecological Sanitation (ECOSAN) toilet.

How excreta are disposed at the household and community levels.

NOTE TO THE COMMUNITY OFFICER

- 1. What do you see in the illustration?
- 2. Solicit answers to what the community understands about excreta
- 3. Discuss how excreta are disposed at the household/ community level

- A child openly defecating, a man using a communal pit / trench latrine, a woman using a VIP, a man using a bucket latrine and a woman using a flush toilet.
- 2. Excreta are:
 - Faeces
 - Faeces plus urine
 - urine
 - they are also called toilet
- 3. Excreta disposal:
 - Pit /trench latrine
 - Ventilated Improved Pit (VIP) latrine
 - Open defecation (drop latrine)
 - Flush toilet

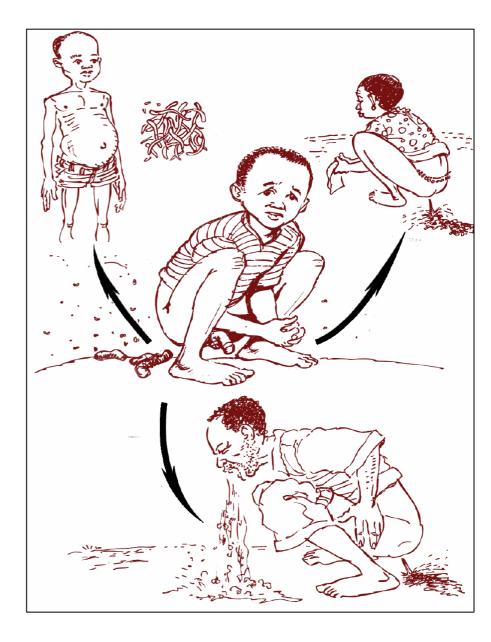


Consequences of not having access to sanitary toilets

NOTE TO THE COMMUNITY OFFICER

- Solicit answers to what individuals understand about ECOSAN toilets
- 2. Discuss why people do not have access to sanitary toilets
- 3. Discuss the consequences of not using sanitary toilets
- 4. Ask about who may be affected when people defecate in the open

- 1. ECOSAN toilets:
 - Toilet that is clean
 - Toilets that do not give out bad odour
 - Toilets that do not provide breeding ground for flies
 - Toilets that have good sanitation, privacy and protection
- 2. Access to sanitary toilets:
 - Cannot afford sanitary toilets
 - Lack of knowledge
 - Cultural/religious preference
- 3. Consequences of not using sanitary toilets
 - Fly and odour problems
 - Pollution of drinking water
 - Excreta/Sanitation-related diseases to humans diarrhoea, typhoid, cholera and worm infestation
- 4. People who may be affected:
 - Everyone in the community:
 - Working class
 Children and school pupils
 - Adults and their families
 - Foreigners including tourists

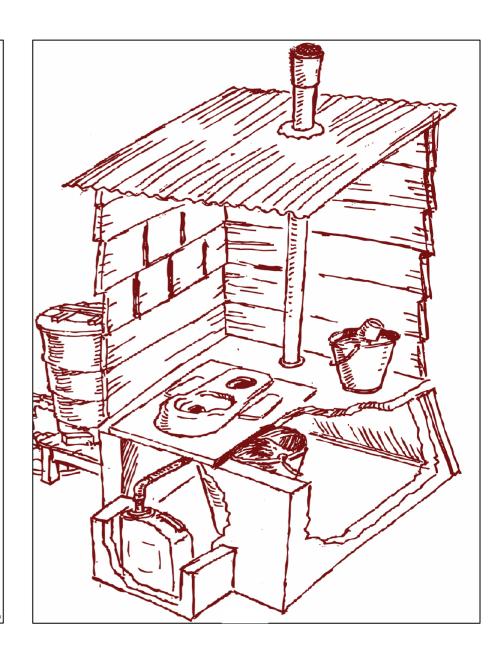


Creating awareness of an ECOSAN toilet that reduces health risks

NOTE TO THE COMMUNITY OFFICER

- 1. Ask community members whether they know about any low cost sanitary toilets. List the examples (Will depend on whether they have been exposed to a sanitation project)
- Explain what the ECOSAN single brick chamber (vault) urinediverting toilet is. Emphasise on the separation of urine from faeces

- 1. Low cost sanitation toilets
 - Kumasi Ventilated Improvement Pit (KVIP) latrine
 - Ventilated Improved Pit (VIP) latrine
- 2. It is a urine-diverting/separating toilet which uses a squat plate/pan that diverts/separates the urine from the faeces
 - Urine is led through a pipe into a urine storage container
 - Faeces are dropped down into a container (10-20 litre bucket) held in a brick chamber (vault)



How the ECOSAN toilet works.

NOTE TO THE COMMUNITY OFFICER

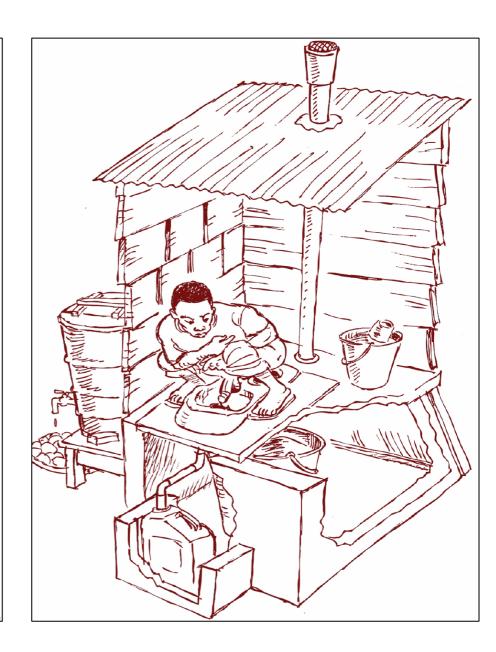
- 1. What do you see in the illustration?
- 2. Discuss the uses of the ECOSAN Toilet
- 3. Explain how the ECOSAN toilet works as a processing unit

ANSWERS:

- 1. The illustration shows an ECOSAN toilet with the following:
 - A squat plate with two separate holes for the urine and faeces
 - An outlet pipe that drains into plastic container
 - A bucket container that receives the faeces
 - A ventilation pipe
 - A bucket containing a mixture of dry sand and ash
 - A water container for hand washing

2. Uses of ECOSAN

- Disposal system
- Processing unit
- 3. How ECOSAN works
 - Urine is directed into the front part of the squat plate
 - It is diverted through a pipe into a storage container
 - Urine is thus separated from the faeces and used as a liquid fertiliser
 - The faeces drop directly into a separate container (bucket) held within a chamber
 - Some dry soil mixed with wood ash (4:1) is added to cover the faeces after every visit using a small cup. When the bucket is nearly full the contents are deposited in a compositing site away from the toilet
 - This natural process is entirely biological resulting in a valuable humus-like soil that can be used to enhance the growth of food and three crops

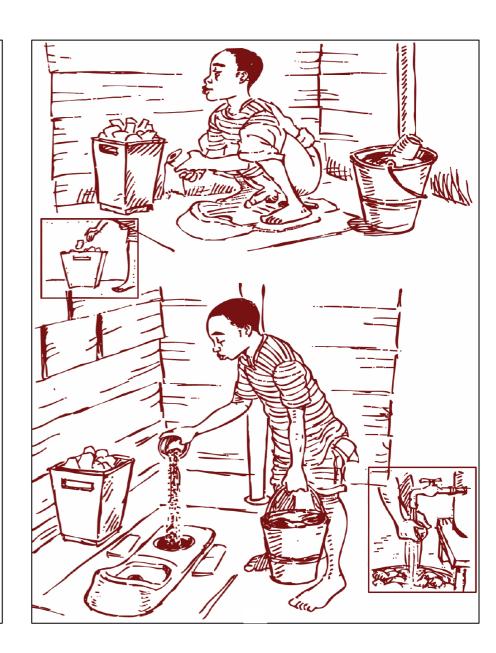


How to use the ECOSAN toilet

NOTE TO THE COMMUNITY OFFICER

- 1. What do you see in the illustration
- 2. Discuss the usefulness of adding dry soil and ash after every visit to deposit faeces

- 1. The illustration
 - A boy using an ECOSAN toilet
 - The boy puts away used toilet paper in a container
 - He pours a cupful of premix dry soil and ash (4:1) into the bucket to cover the faeces
- 2. Usefulness of adding dry soil and ash
 - Converts, purifies and hasten the conversion of the mass of excreta into safe and rich compost
 - Dries the faeces to reduce odour and flies
 - The reduction of odour makes the toilet pleasant to use
 - The control of flies is important for health reasons

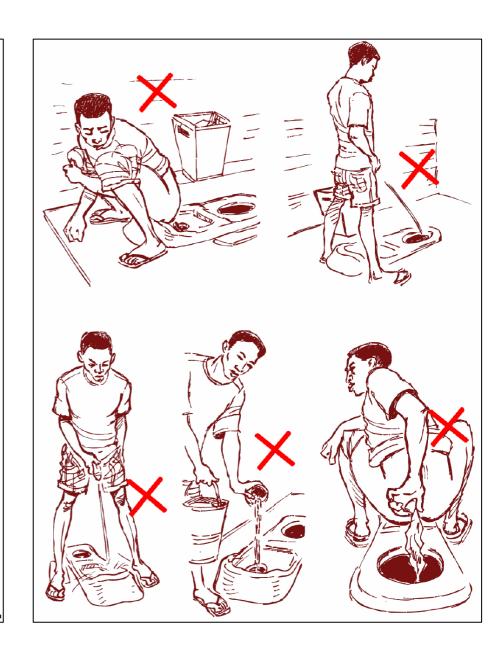


The 'don't's' of using urine diverting toilets

NOTE TO THE COMMUNITY OFFICER

- 1. What do you see in the illustration?
- 2. Discuss what users of the urine diverting toilets should not do after visits to deposit faeces.

- 1. A man squatting and dropping faeces through the urine outlet of the squat plate
 - A man passing urine through the faeces outlet of the squat plate
 - A man standing to pass urine through the urine outlet of the squat plate
 - A man pouring a cupful of premix dry soil and ash into the urine outlet of the squat plate.

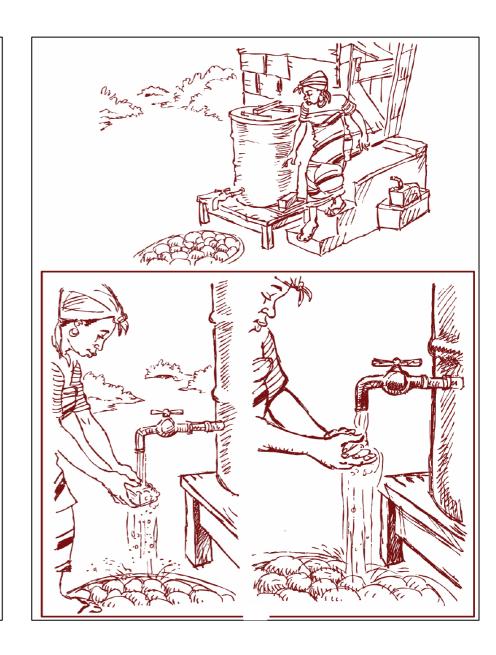


Benefits of hand washing facilities in ECOSAN toilets.

NOTE TO THE COMMUNITY OFFICER

- 1. What do you see in the illustration?
- 2. Ask community members whether they wash their hands after visiting the toilet
- 3. Discuss the usefulness of washing hands after every visit to deposit faeces

- 1. A woman washing her hands after a visit to the toilet
- 3. Usefulness of washing hands
 - Improves personal hygiene
 - Reduces infection by germs



Benefits of the ECOSAN toilet to the household/ community

NOTE TO THE COMMUNITY OFFICER

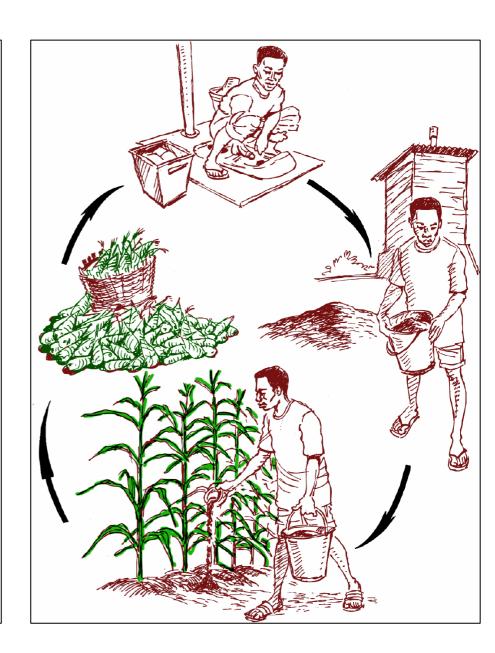
- Solicit answers to what they think are possible advantages of the ECOSAN system. Note them down
- 2. Explain the benefits of using the ECOSAN toilet.

ANSWERS:

- 2 Improved sanitation and recycling of excreta for agriculture:
 - Leads to a safe way to dispose of excreta
 - Allows for safe and easy handling of the solid component (faeces plus soil and wood ash)
 - Allows for separate collection of urine for use as liquid fertilizer
 - Provide compost that may be used for food and tree crops farming

Odour and fly control

- Reduces the fly and odour/smell problems associated with pit latrines and open defecation
- Dryer faeces as a result of its separation from the urine and the mix of dry soil and wood ash have the effect of reducing odour and flies



Routine maintenance of the urine-diverting toilet

NOTE TO THE COMMUNITY OFFICER

- 1. Explain the importance of routine cleaning of the toilet
- 2. Discuss when and how to clean and maintain the toilet

- 1. Importance of routine cleaning:
 - To enable the toilet system function very well
 - To prevent any fouling from taking place
- 2. Cleaning and maintaining the toilet:
 - Clean once every month or two
 - Wash the bucket chamber, the faeces and urine containers after removing and emptying them
 - Clean the squat plate including the sidewalls with water
 - Flush out the urine pipe with water
 - Wash down toilet floor and chamber with water
 - Pull out and clean out cobwebs that may have developed in the vent pipe with tree branch or dry cloth
 - Wash the vent thoroughly and clean out with water
 - Allow all parts washed (bucket, urine container and vent) to dry and put back

