

Brief overview of conditions for water, sanitation and hygiene grants by the Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation

	REINVENT THE TOILET CHALLENGE	GRAND CHALLENGES EXPLORATIONS Create the next generation of sanitation technologies	
	ROUND 1 and 2	ROUND 6	ROUND 7
START/END DATES	Round 1: April 2011 - September 2012 Round 2: September 2012 - December 2013	April 2011 - April 2012	November 2011 - October 2013
GOAL	Create a toilet that: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • removes pathogens from human waste and recovers valuable resources such as energy, clean water, and nutrients. • operates “off the grid” without connections to water, sewer, or electrical lines. • costs less than 5 cents per user per day: the anticipated capital and operational cost for the final products (commercial units) is expected to be less than \$0.05/user/day, both for the family and neighborhood solutions¹. 	Create sanitation technologies that: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • support sanitation services in contexts without centralized, waterborne sanitation • are non-conventional technologies that are affordable, durable, convenient, aesthetic, effective • add income or reduce costs in sanitation service delivery chain through nutrient recovery, electricity generation or industrial usage 	Create sanitation technologies that: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • make sanitation services safe and sustainable for the poor in a non-networked sanitation fashion • improve human waste containment and management technologies

¹ This specification was included in the call for Round 3 of the RTTC but was less clearly specified in Rounds 1 & 2.

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • promotes sustainable and financially profitable sanitation services and businesses that operate in poor, urban settings. • is a truly aspirational next-generation product that everyone will want to use — in wealthy as well as developing nations. 		
REQUIREMENTS		<p>Proposals must be:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Different from approaches currently under investigation or employed • Designed for resource-limited settings • Provide an underlying rationale, a testable hypothesis, and an associated plan for how the idea would be tested or validated in phase 1 to meet the attributes outlined below: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Low life-cycle cost ○ Long-lived and easy to use/maintain ○ Safety / backup mechanism in the case of system failure ○ Minimal water, energy, space requirements ○ Aesthetically appealing 	<p>Proposals must be:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Designed for low income urban settings, formal peri-urban settings, or dense rural settings in Sub-Saharan Africa and Asia where demand for fecal sludge emptying and treatment are high • Be new ideas or important improvements to existing solutions • Provide an underlying rationale, a testable hypothesis, and an associated plan for how the idea would be tested or validated
AREAS CONSIDERED		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sanitation capture and containment technologies: improvements or alternatives to pit latrines • Solutions to menstrual management and safe disposal of child feces • Extraction and transportation 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hygienic manual or mechanical emptying equipment for urban areas • Sludge processing for community energy generation in urban areas

		<p>innovations for hauling fecal sludge to transfer or disposal points</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Advancements in decentralized treatment technology for use at community, apartment block, town, and/or city scales • Innovations in re-use of waste for agricultural, energy or industrial purposes at community and/or city level • Other sanitation innovations 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Appropriate sanitation solutions for flooded zones (e.g. communities that face seasonal flooding, high groundwater tables, riparian or tidal communities, floating communities, etc.) • Easy cleaning, attractive and affordable pan / squatting platform, suitable for connection to an offset pit
AREAS NOT CONSIDERED		<p>Solutions that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Rely on centralized sewerage systems • Rely on chemicals or other products that cause environmental sustainability issues • Are incompatible with development country context 	<p>Solutions that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Behaviour change programming (e.g., implementation of community led total sanitation or related approaches) • Boutique technologies that cannot be scaled, or technologies with capital or operating requirements that are inappropriate for serving the urban poor in developing countries
GRANT AMOUNT	No amount specified	100,000 \$ initially, opportunity of follow-on grant of up to 1 Mio \$	100,000 \$ initially, opportunity of follow-on grant of up to 1 Mio \$
FURTHER INFORMATION	http://docs.gatesfoundation.org/watersanitationhygiene/Documents/Forms/AllItems.aspx	http://www.grandchallenges.org/Explorations/Topics/WaterSanitation/Pages/Round6.aspx	http://www.grandchallenges.org/Explorations/Topics/WaterSanitation/Pages/Round7.aspx